

RailNation: San Antonio

October 3-5, 2025





Outline

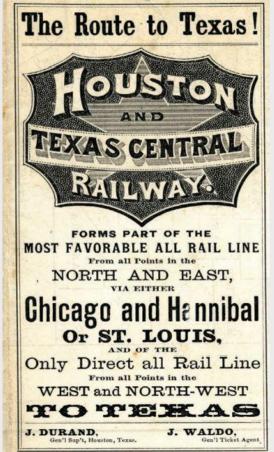


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Texas Passenger Rail History

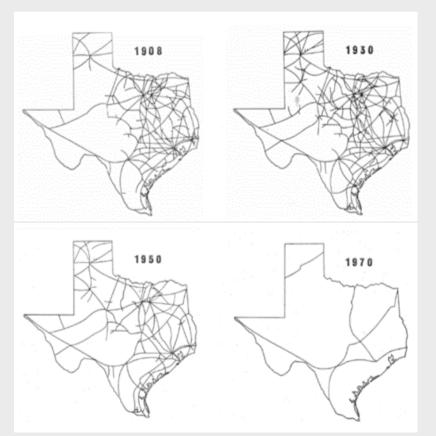




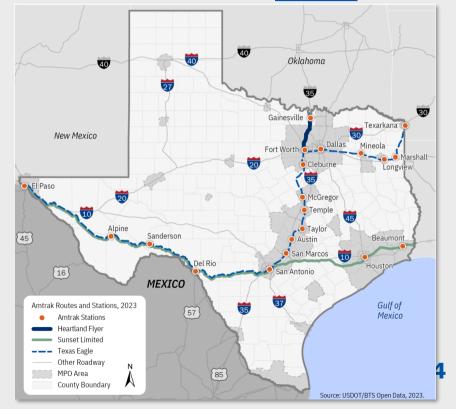




History of Texas Passenger Rail

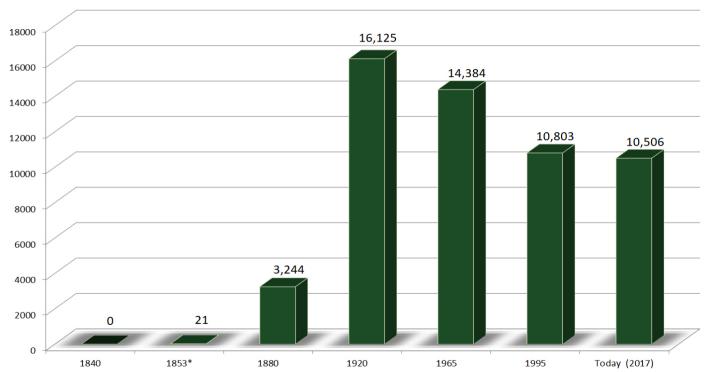


2025









1840-Present

Sources: Stover, John. <u>Routledge Historical Atlas of the American Railroads, The</u>. New York: Routledge, 1999.

Lamb, Parker J. "Great Railroading: State-By-State (Texas)." Trains Magazine. January 2007. Page 81. Print.

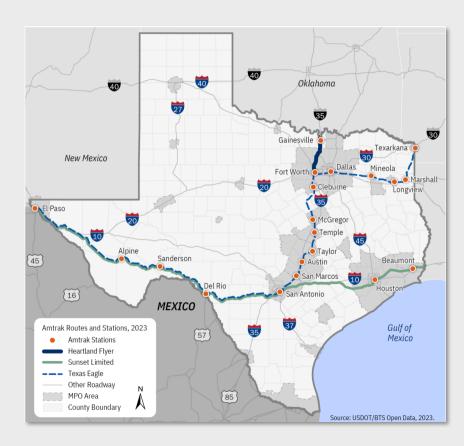
"Freight Railroads In Texas." Association Of American Railroads. January 2019,

https://www.aar.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/AAR-Texas-State-Fact-Sheet.pdf.



Passenger Rail in Texas Today

- 3 Amtrak routes
 - Heartland Flyer daily service
 between Fort Worth and Oklahoma City
 - Sunset Limited connecting between
 California and Louisiana
 - Texas Eagle connecting between Chicago and San Antonio (on to California)
- 19 Amtrak stations
- Additional connections provided by Amtrak Thruway Bus service





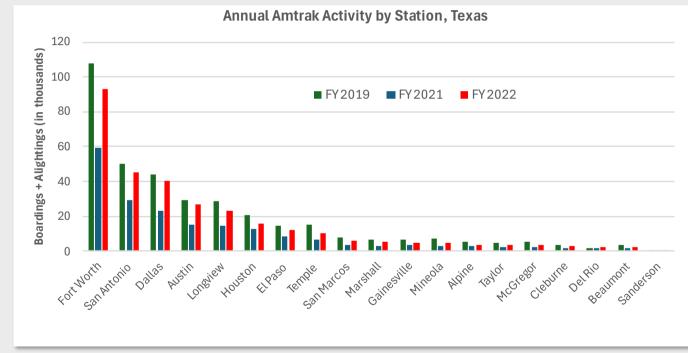
Texas Passenger Rail Connectivity to National Network





Passenger Rail Ridership in Texas - 2019-2022

- In FY 2022, statewide ridership was 306,300
 - Fort Worth had the highest ridership 93,212
- Between FY 2015 and FY 2019, the statewide average ridership was 376,206





Passenger Rail Trends in Texas

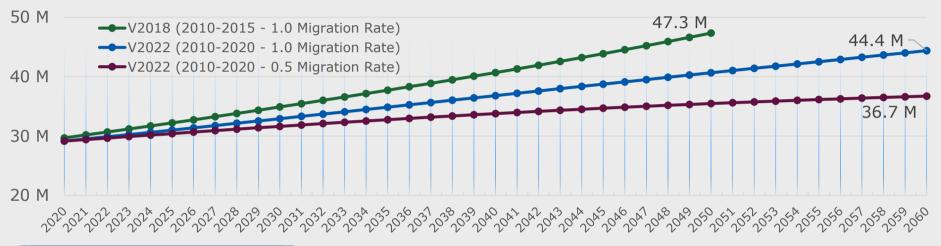
- Amtrak ridership declined 22% from FY 2017 to FY 2022
 - Gradually recovering from the pandemic
- Need for increased rail capacity and upgrades to rail crossings for enhanced reliability, on-time performance and safety
 - Competing for capacity with growing freight rail
- Future population growth calls for expanded transportation options
 - Especially in Texas Triangle and Gulf Coast region
- Lack of frequency and reliability of passenger rail service







Challenges: Texas' Population is Projected to Grow: 2020-2060



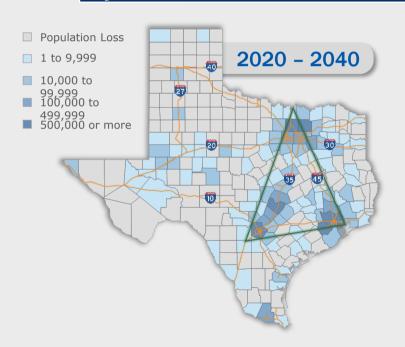


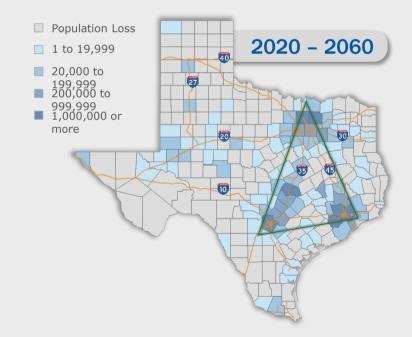




Challenges: Texas Population Projection (2020 – 2060)

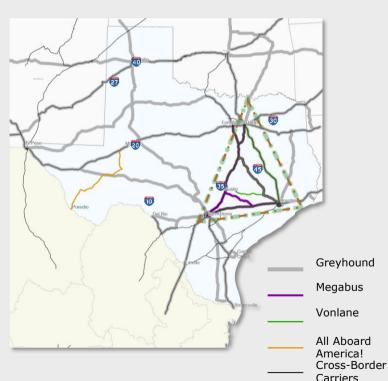
Population is Projected to Grow in and Around Urban Areas







Challenges: Limited Intercity and Regional Transit Connectivity



Texas Triangle Megaregion

66 of Texas' 254 counties

~ 75% of Texas' population in 2022

 $\sim 91\%$ of Texas' population growth (2010–2020)

Limited Intercity Bus and Rail Coverage

Service frequency, travel times, and costs are potential barriers

Limited service to pick-up and drop-off areas ("first mile/last mile") presents challenge

No direct Dallas Fort Worth-Houston Amtrak connection

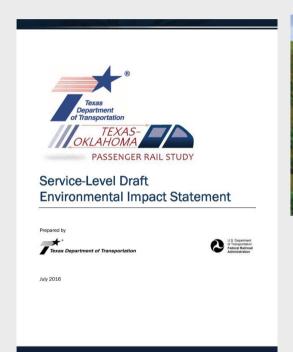


Challenges Raised in Recent Stakeholder Meetings

- Funding availability
- Railroad coordination with freight
- NEPA process
- Mitigating potential property owner impacts
- Houston-Dallas-Fort Worth would be a "big bite"
 - Corridor length, ROW, and project cost
- San Antonio-Austin might be a good first step
 - High number of trips in a shorter corridor
 - "Higher-speed" rail (vs. "high-speed rail") could be competitive with driving
 - Cheaper to build
 - Lack of frequency and reliability of passenger rail service for short- and medium-haul trips.



Past Efforts on Passenger Rail in Texas







Current Passenger Rail Efforts in Texas

operators, and the Public Transportation

Advisory Committee

teractions at 20 pop-events









Current Passenger Rail Efforts in Texas: Corridor ID Awards

- 1. TxDOT, DFW to Houston
- 2. TxDOT, Houston to San Antonio
- 3. Kansas DOT, Heartland Flyer Extension
- 4. Southern Rail Commission, I-20 Corridor
- 5. Amtrak, Daily Sunset Limited
- 6. Amtrak, Texas HSR
- 7. NCTCOG, Fort Worth to Houston HSR





TxDOT Corridor Identification and Development Program

Dallas-Fort Worth to Houston



San Antonio to Houston

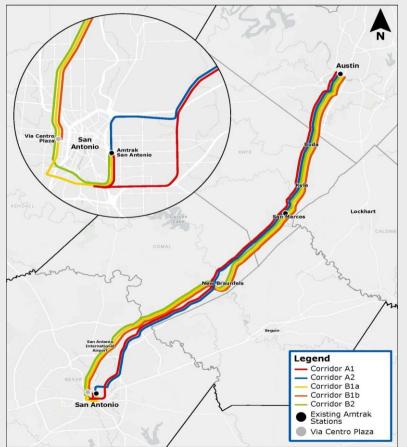


Dallas-Fort Worth to San Antonio





TxDOT Austin to San Antonio Passenger Rail Study



Study Components

- Rail Infrastructure Analysis
- Service Options Analysis
- Transportation Planning
- Rail Infrastructure Project Development

<u>Timeline</u>

- Operational Analysis: Early October 2025
- Conceptual Engineering: October to December 2025
- Travel Demand/Ridership: December 2025
- Formal Study Report: March 2026



Texas Statewide Multimodal Transit Plan



First Texas Statewide Long-Range Transit Plan



A Plan for Texas

- Current and future transit needs, challenges, and opportunities
- Strategies to support public transit
- Framework for prioritizing transit investments



Stakeholder-driven and collaborative approach

- Comprehensive outreach and engagement strategy
- Builds upon existing local, regional, and statewide plans
- Steering Committee and Working Groups



Texas Statewide Multimodal Transit Plan (SMTP)

- Includes transit, intercity bus, passenger rail service, ferries
- Final Draft: Public Outreach Fall 2025
- Plan Goals aligned with Connecting Texas 2050 (SLRTP)
- Four key elements:
 - Urban and Rural Area Transit Services
 - Intercity and Regional Connectivity
 - Planning and Design
 - Funding: Maintaining Existing Service and Expanding Service

What We Heard During Texas SMTP 2050 Engagement

- Intercity transit is a critical need in the Texas Triangle.
- Limited passenger rail was a top challenge to address according to the Texans we engaged during fall 2024 Texas SMTP 2050 outreach.

	SMTP Category	Draft Strategies	Needs, Gaps, Challenges
1	Urban and Rural Area Transit Services	Identify priority corridors and minimum levels of service Integrate all transit modes with other transportation modes Establish institutional and organizational partnerships to promote comprehensive workforce development	 Growing urban areas Transit access to economic opportunities Congestion Rural and small urban area mobility networks Workforce recruitment, training, and retention
2	Intercity/Regional Connectivity	Identify a statewide route and hub network Develop a governance framework for statewide and regional intercity services Implement technology to enable seamless travel statewide	 Statewide transit service network and connectivity Intercity connectivity Governance
3	Planning and Design	Research statewide transit benefits	 Transit and the transportation planning and design process Transit resilience Public awareness of the importance of transit Inconsistent consideration of transit in economic development Aligning transit with development and transit-supportive land uses
4	Funding: Expand and Maintain Services	Maximize use of existing funding Expand sources, flexibility, and levels of funding Tie funding to growth	 Funding for new and improved service Maintaining critical assets Need to expand and maintain service levels Funding challenges and constraints



SMTP Initial Implementation Steps

Building on the initial strategies and implementation actions, priority steps are identified to jumpstart the process and build a strong foundation for realizing Texas SMTP 2050.



1. Establish a Community of Practice (COP) to address small urban and rural transit challenges.

(TxDOT-facilitated)



2. Develop a statewide transit network and hub plan.

(TxDOT-led)



3. Develop flexible statewide transit planning and design guidelines.

(TxDOT-facilitated)



4. Develop success metrics, enhance and broaden data collection, and develop consistent reporting.

(TxDOT-facilitated)



5. Identify options to increase flexibility of funding sources and identify new and innovative funding sources to expand and maintain transit. (TxDOT-supported)



6. Formalize a plan for regular outreach and education on benefits of transit.

(TxDOT-led and supported)



Development of a Statewide Transit Network and Hub Plan

- Provide a framework for improved mobility and connectivity that provides Texans with an accessible and seamless way to travel across Texas without a car.
- Identify key corridors to connect priority transit destinations statewide.
- Identify hub locations providing local, regional, and first- and last-mile connections.
- Identify priority corridors within each region where transit treatments to improve safety, speed, and reliability should be considered in the planning, design, and construction processes.















TxDOT's Role in Passenger Rail

- Support existing state supported route (Heartland Flyer), maximizing the investment by supporting Amtrak marketing and capital improvement efforts.
- Participation in SAIPRC to improve all DOT processes concerning state supported Amtrak services.
- Improve safety of grade crossings on passenger rail networks.
- Regulate safety of track conditions, operations, equipment, and signals.
- Coordinate planning and report on possible outcomes of private projects (state law), includes consideration of using state highway ROW.
- Funding limited by state constitution and current transportation code.
- State Rail Plan updates, per FRA guidance, often supports public and private federal grant profiles.
- International coordination with state and federal partners in Mexico, and with CBP and FRA, to plan to meet growing demand of cross-border passenger service.



on-system)

Texas' Integrated Multimodal Transportation System



Aviation Airports



